Translations and Reflections

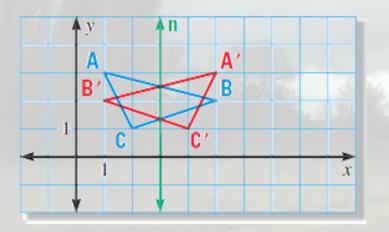
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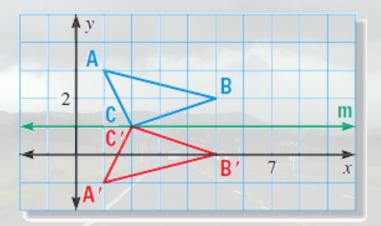
- Use a coordinate rule to transform a pre-image to an image.
- Write a rule for a translated figure.
- Perform reflections by inspection and using a rule.
- Language Objectives:
 - Use vocabulary words such as image, pre-image and vector to describe transformations.

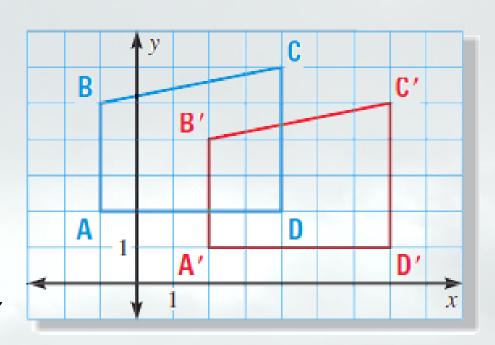
Vocabulary

- Pre-image: ABCD
- Jmage: A'B'C'D'
- The prime means "new"









Translations Example 1

• Let the pre-image quadrilateral ABCD be given by A(3,2), B(-2,8), C(-1,6), and D(0,4). Find and sketch the image and write the coordinates using the coordinate rule $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 2, y + 5)$.

Translations Example 2

• Draw ΔRST with vertices R(2,2), S(5,2), and T(3,5). Find the image of each vertex after the translation $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 1, y + 2)$. Graph the image using prime notation.

Reflections Example 3

• The endpoints of \overline{FG} are F(-1,2) and G(1,2). Reflect the segment over the line y = x.

The Rules

- Translations:
- $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + a, y + b)$
- Reflections across the x -axis:
- $(x, y) \rightarrow (x, -y)$
- Reflections across the y -axis:
- $(x, y) \rightarrow (-x, y)$
- Reflections across the line y = x:
- $(x, y) \rightarrow (y, x)$

Reflections Example 4

- The vertices of $\triangle ABC$ are A(1,3), B(5,2), and C(2,1). Graph the reflection of $\triangle ABC$...
 - over y = 4
 - over x = -3
 - over y = 2

Reflections Example 5

- Use a coordinate rule to reflect the quadrilateral over the y-axis: A(-2,-3), B(-4,1), C(2,-5), D(1,4)
- Then reflect it over the line y = x.